Michigan Deptartment of Treasury 496 (2-04)

Local Governm	ent Type Towns	ship [Mllage	☐ Other	Local Governme				Count Gra	•	
Audit Date 3/31/05			Opinion 5/4/0 !				ntant Report Submit	tted to State:			
We have au accordance	with the	Staten	al statem	nents of thi the Gover	s local unit of gramental Accounts of Governme	government unting Stan	and rendered	GASB) and the	ne <i>Uniform</i>	Repor	
We affirm th	at:										
1. We have	e compli	ed with	he <i>Bullet</i>	tin for the A	Audits of Local U	Jnits of Gov	ernment in Mic	chigan as revis	ed.		
2. We are	certified	public a	ccountan	nts registere	ed to practice in	Michigan.					
We further a comments a			-	responses	have been disc	closed in the	e financial state	ements, includi	ng the note:	s, or in	the report of
You must ch	eck the a	applicab	e box for	each item	below.						
Yes 🗸	Z No	1. Cer	ain comp	oonent unit	s/funds/agencie	es of the loc	al unit are excl	uded from the	financial st	tatemer	nts.
Yes v	/ No		re are ad of 1980)		deficits in one	e or more o	f this unit's un	reserved fund	balances/re	∍tained	earnings (P.
Yes 🔽	/ No		re are in ended).	stances of	non-compliand	ce with the	Uniform Acco	ounting and B	udgeting Ad	t (P.A.	2 of 1968,
Yes 🗸	✓ No				ated the condi er issued under				the Municip	oal Fina	ance Act or
Yes 🕎	/ No				eposits/investme 91], or P.A. 55				requireme	nts. (P.	.A. 20 of 194
Yes 🗸	/ No	6. The	local uni	t has been	delinquent in d	istributing t	ax revenues th	at were collect	ed for anoth	ier taxi	ing unit.
Yes 🗸	The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement (Article 9, Section 24) to fund current year earner Yes No 7. pension benefits (normal costs) in the current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost requirement, no contributions are due (paid during the year).										
Yes 🔽	No No		local un L 129.24		edit cards and	has not ac	dopted an app	licable policy	as required	by P.A	A. 266 of 19
Yes v	☑ No	9. The	local uni	t has not a	dopted an inves	stment polic	y as required b	y P.A. 196 of	1997 (MCL	129.95).
We have en	closed	the follo	wing:					Enclosed	To Be Forward		Not Required
The letter of	comme	nts and	recomme	endations.				✓			
Reports on	ndividua	I federa	l financia	l assistance	e programs (pro	ogram audit	s).				√
Single Audit	Reports	(ASLG	U).								✓
Certified Public		•	,						V 8 74		
Street Address 108 N. Sp							City St. Johns		State MI	ZIP 4887	79
Accountant Sig		٤ و	el	~ B- C.	Dans	_ M.	tores		Date 2/	حامح	

Township of Fulton Gratiot County, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

Gratiot County, Michigan

March 31, 2005

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Mr. William A. Burnham	Supervisor
Mrs. Diane Ruedger	Clerk
Mrs. Josephine Kissane	Treasurer
Mr. Glen Winsor	Trustee
Mr. Harry Vaughn, Jr.	Trustee

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Principals

Dale J. Abraham, CPA Michael T. Gaffney, CPA Steven R. Kirinovic, CPA Aaron M. Stevens, CPA Eric J. Glashouwer, CPA

Karen A. Roka, CPA James A. Huguelet, CPA Alan D. Panter, CPA William I. Tucker IV, CPA Kurt M. Lemmen, CPA



Member
American Institute of Certified
Public Accountants
and
Michigan Association of
Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Township Board Township of Fulton Perrinton, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Fulton, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Fulton, Michigan as of March 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note A, the Township has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, as of April 1, 2004, along with all related statements and interpretations.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as identified in the Table of Contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Township of Fulton's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information, as identified in the Table of Contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

alnaham & Lobbrey, P.C.

ABRAHAM & GAFFNEY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

May 4, 2005

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

March 31, 2005

New Financial Reporting

Starting with fiscal year 2005, the Township of Fulton, Michigan (the "Township") has revised and improved its financial reporting document. These changes are a result of standards set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The intent of these new standards is to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a better understanding of how the Township's money and other assets are managed.

The new standards set by GASB are intended to give the reader of this annual financial report a better understanding of the financial status of the Township. The new standards introduce accounting rules and systems that are common in the private sector. This report presents a much broader picture of the Township's financial status. Through this comprehensive reporting of assets and liabilities, the reader should have a greater understanding of the Township's financial health.

This discussion and analysis of the Township's financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

As discussed in further detail in this discussion and analysis, the following represents the most significant financial highlights for the year ended March 31, 2005.

- State shared revenue, our largest revenue source in the General Fund, was reduced by the State of
 Michigan by approximately \$4,862 last year. This reduction was the result of reduced sales tax
 revenues collected by the State and changes in the distribution formula used by the State. Over the
 past few years, the State has overestimated its projected revenues to be shared with local
 governments.
- Property tax revenues increased approximately \$4,564 from the prior year.
- Total net assets were \$3,028,282. Net assets of \$540,724 and \$2,487,558 were attributable to governmental and business-type activities, respectively.

Using This Annual Report

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements. The Township's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information, in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

As stated previously, the government-wide statements report on an *accrual* basis of accounting. However, the governmental funds report on a *modified accrual* basis. Under modified accrual accounting, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available to pay obligations of the fiscal period; expenditures are recognized when they are due to be paid from available resources.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

March 31, 2005

Because of the different basis of accounting between the fund statements (described below) and the government-wide statements, pages 4 and 6 present reconciliations between the two statement types. The following summarizes the impact of transitioning from modified accrual to full accrual accounting:

- Capital assets used in governmental activities (including depreciation) are not reported on the fund financial statements of the governmental funds. Capital assets and depreciation expense are reported on the government-wide statements.
- Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on the government-wide statements, but is reported as expenditures on the fund financial statements of the governmental funds.
- Long-term liabilities, such as amounts accrued for sick and annual leave (compensated absences), etc. appear as liabilities on the government-wide statements; however they will not appear on the fund financial statements unless current resources are used to pay a specific obligation.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the operations of the Township in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Township's most significant funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Township of Fulton maintains five (5) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Other Supplementary Information section of this report.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds. The Township of Fulton maintains three (3) proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Township uses Enterprise Funds to account for its sewer system activity. The *Internal Service* fund, which reports activities that provide supplies or service to the Township's other operations, is reported as a governmental activity on the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 15-25 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

March 31, 2005

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information, such as this MD&A and the General Fund budgetary comparison schedule. Combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented as other supplementary information.

The Township as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of March 31, 2005. A comparative analysis of data will be presented in future years when the information is available.

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business- type <u>Activities</u>	Total Government	
Assets				
Current assets	\$ 366,265	\$ 1,135,478	\$ 1,501,743	
Noncurrent assets	<u> 182,964</u>	<u>1,542,160</u>	<u>1,725,124</u>	
Total assets	549,229	2,677,638	3,226,867	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	8,505	11,475	19,980	
Noncurrent liabilities		<u>178,605</u>	<u>178,605</u>	
Total liabilities	8,505	190,080	198,585	
Net Assets Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	182,964	695,102	878,066	
Restricted	22,307	180,740	203,047	
Unrestricted	<u>335,453</u>	<u>1,611,716</u>	1,947,169	
Total net assets	<u>\$ 540,724</u>	<u>\$ 2,487,558</u>	\$ 3,028,282	

The Township's total net assets were \$3,028,282 on March 31, 2005. Unrestricted net assets (the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations) were \$1,947,169 at the end of the fiscal year. The net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt were at \$878,066. The management's discussion and analysis will present a condensed comparative statement of net assets next year when we have two years of statements in the GASB Statement no. 34 Format.

The following table shows the changes in net assets during the current year. Future reports will provide comparative data for the statement of activities. Comparative data is not required during the first year of reporting under the requirement of GASB Statement No. 34.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

March 31, 2005

(Cevenue		vernmental Activities		usiness- type ctivities	_Total_		
Program revenue:							
Charges for services	\$	14,343	\$	86,629	\$	100,972	
Operating grants and contributions		4,087		-		4,087	
Capital grants and contributions		7,430		-		7,430	
General revenue:							
Property taxes		58,401		-		58,401	
State shared revenue		131,533		-		131,533	
Investment earnings		3,513		26,244		29,757	
Miscellaneous		<u>6,114</u>				6,114	
Total revenue		225,421		112,873		338,294	
Program Expenses							
General government		127,101		_		127,101	
Public safety		25,900		_		25,900	
Public works		68,306		-		68,306	
Community and economic development		1,606		-		1,606	
Other		9,723		-		9,723	
Business-type activities				152,094		152,094	
Total program expenses		232,636		152,094	_	384,730	
Change in Net Assets	\$(7,215)	\$(39,221)	<u>\$(</u>	46,436)	

Governmental Activities

The Township's governmental revenues totaled \$225,421 with the greatest revenue source being State Revenue Sharing. State Revenue Sharing makes up approximately 58 percent of total governmental revenue. Over the past few years, state shared revenue and interest income have both declined.

The Township incurred expenses of \$232,636 during the year; the majority of governmental expense is associated with providing general governmental services.

Business-type Activities

The Township incurred expenses of \$152,094 during the year to provide sewer services.

The Township's Funds

Governmental Funds. The analysis of the Township's major funds begins on page 3, following the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Township as a whole. The Township of Fulton's Board of Trustees creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as property tax millage. The Township's major fund for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 was the General Fund. The General Fund pays for the most of the Township's governmental services. The most significant service provided during the fiscal year was general governmental services, which incurred expenditures of \$124,917 for the fiscal year.

Proprietary Funds. The Township's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

March 31, 2005

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the fiscal year, the Township Board made necessary budget adjustments to fund unanticipated expenditures during the year. Budget amendments were made to cover unanticipated costs associated with assessor, election, and township hall services and insurance. However, because all departments came in under budget at year-end, there was an overall favorable variance for expenditures of approximately \$21,486 from the budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. At the end of the fiscal year, the Township had approximately \$1,063,286 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, land, equipment, and capital assets held by the three sewer systems. In addition, the Township has made certain investments in roads and drains within the Township. These assets are not reported in the Township's fund statements, because under Michigan law, these roads and drains are the property of the Gratiot County Road and Drain Commissions, respectively.

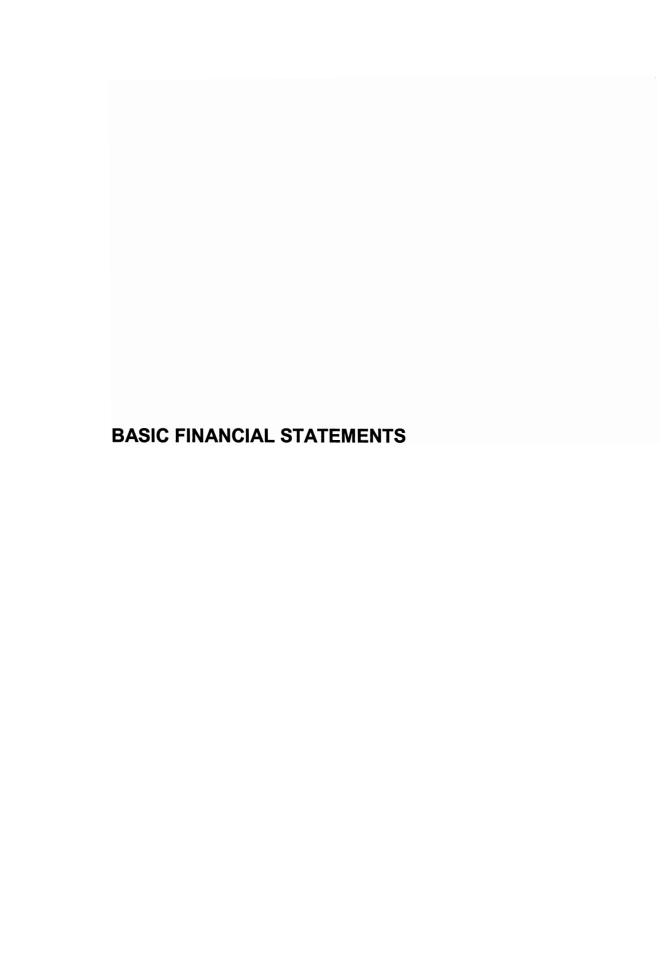
Long-term Debt. The Township issued no new debt during the fiscal year.

Current Economic Factors

Revenue sharing is the most significant budgetary concern at this time. The State of Michigan is experiencing significant budget problems, as they look for solutions, revenue sharing continues to be under attack.

Contacting the Township Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the Township finances and demonstrates the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Township Clerk or Treasurer at the Township Hall.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2005

	vernmental		siness-type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 348,646	\$	880,835	\$ 1,229,481
Investments	-		200,000	200,000
Receivables	-		46,253	46,253
Internal balances	11,224		(11,224)	-0-
Due from other governmental units	6,345		19,614	25,959
Prepaid expenses	 50			50
Total current assets	366,265		1,135,478	1,501,743
Noncurrent assets				
Investments	-		413,920	413,920
Special assessments - deferred	-		247,918	247,918
Capital assets, net	182,964		880,322	1,063,286
Total noncurrent assets	 182,964		1,542,160	1,725,124
TOTAL ASSETS	549,229		2,677,638	3,226,867
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Payables	6,317		_	6,317
Accrued liabilities	2,031		_	2,031
Due to other governmental units	-		380	380
Accrued interest payable	_		4,480	4,480
Current portion of compensated absences	157		-	157
Current portion of long-term debt	-		6,615	6,615
	0.505		44.475	40.000
Total current liabilities	8,505		11,475	19,980
Noncurrent liabilities				
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	_		178,605	178,605
·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 8,505		190,080	198,585
NET ACCETO				
NET ASSETS	182,964		695,102	878,066
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	102,904		093, 102	676,000
Debt service	_		180,740	180,740
Perpetual care	22,307		-	22,307
Unrestricted	335,453		1,611,716	1,947,169
	 1.00	-	.,,,,,	.,,
TOTAL NET ASSETS	 540,724		2,487,558	\$ 3,028,282

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended March 31, 2005

State Capital Grants Capital Grant			ō		Se Se	Net	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	e and ets
tivities: 25,900 1,900 1,900 1,900 1,000 1,100 1,000 1,100 1,000 1,100 1,000 1,100 1,000	ns	Expenses	Charges for Services	. I		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
tivities: 72,098	ctivities: nment id economic development	,	_	↔	s ·	5.9	ω	٠
72,098 43,980 - - - - (15,026) (15,026) - - - (15,026) - <	mental activities	232,636	14,34			(206,776)	φ	(206,776)
\$ 384,730 \$ 100,972 \$ 4,087 \$ 7,430 C06,776 (65,465) (75,444) (75,115) (75,114) (75,114) (75,114) (75,115)	divities:	72,098 50,770 29,226	43,98 35,74 6,90	Ö 4 τυ			(28,118) (15,026) (22,321 <u>)</u>	(28,118) (15,026) (22,321)
\$ 384,730 \$ 100,972 \$ 4,087 \$ 7,430 (206,776) (65,465) General revenues:	ss-type activities	152,094	86,62			ф	(65,465)	(65,465)
58,401 - 131,533 - 3,513 26,244	+-	li	69	₩	8 7	(206,776)	(65,465)	(272,241)
199,561 26,244			General reven Property tax State shared Investment (ues: es 1 revenues earnings us		58,401 131,533 3,513 6,114	26,244	58,401 131,533 29,757 6,114
(7,215) (39,221) 547,939 2,526,779 3,0 \$ 540,724 \$ 2,487,558 \$ 3,0			Total gen	ieral revenues		199,561	26,244	225,805
\$ 540,724 \$ 2,487,558 \$				Change in net assets		(7,215)	(39,221)	(46,436)
\$ 540,724 \$ 2,487,558 \$			Net assets, be	ginning of the year		547,939	2,526,779	3,074,718
			Net assets, end	d of the year				\$ 3,028,282

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

March 31, 2005

	General			onmajor ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Due from other governmental units - local Prepaid expenditures	\$	263,884 13,049 5,255 50	\$	54,444 - 1,074	\$	318,328 13,049 6,329 50
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	282,238	\$	55,518	\$	337,756
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Payables						
Accounts	\$	5,717	\$	-	\$	5,717
Customer deposits		600		-		600
Accrued liabilities		2,031		-		2,031
Due to other funds		347		2,322		2,669
TOTAL LIABILITIES		8,695		2,322		11,017
FUND BALANCES						
Reserved for:						
Perpetual care		-		22,307		22,307
Debt service		-		21,730		21,730
Unreserved						
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures		14,995		-		14,995
Undesignated, reported in:		050 540				050 540
General fund		258,548		0.450		258,548
Special revenue funds		-		9,159		9,159
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		273,543		53,196		326,739
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	282,238	\$	55,518	\$	337,756

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2005

Total fund balance - governmental funds

326,739

Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

The cost of capital assets is \$ 399,179
Accumulated depreciation is \$ (216,215)

Capital assets, net 182,964

Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in the governmental activities in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

Net assets of governmental activities accounted for in Internal Service Funds Net capital assets of Internal Service Funds included in the total above

68,431

(37,253)

31,178

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

Compensated absences

(157)

Net assets of governmental activities

\$ 540,724

Governmental Funds

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year Ended March 31, 2005

	(Seneral	Nonmajor Governmental Funds			Total ernmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	58,401	\$	-	\$	58,401
Licenses and permits		1,170		-		1,170
Intergovernmental		131,533		-		131,533
Charges for services		8,061		-		8,061
Interest and rents		6,575		109		6,684
Other		12,141		7,431		19,572
TOTAL REVENUES		217,881		7,540		225,421
EXPENDITURES						
General government		124,617		300		124,917
Public safety		25,900		-		25,900
Public works		61,991		6,315		68,306
Community and economic development		1,606		-		1,606
Other		9,723				9,723
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		223,837		6,615		230,452
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(5,956)		925		(5,031)
Fund balances, beginning of year		279,499		52,271		331,770
Fund balances, end of year	\$	273,543	\$	53,196	_\$_	326,739

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended March 31, 2005

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

(5,031)

\$

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital outlay \$ 15,803 Depreciation (14,839)

Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense

964

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of operating and maintenaining equipment to individual funds.

Decrease in net assets of Internal Service Fund (7,413)
Capital outlay of Internal Service Fund (2,894)
Depreciation of Internal Service Fund 7,187

(3,120)

Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:

(Increase) in accrued compensated absences

(28)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ (7,215)

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2005

	Business-type							
	Sewer #5	Sewer #6	Pompeii Sewer					
ASSETS								
Current assets	\$ 645.217	¢ 170 562	\$ 57,055					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 645,217 200,000	\$ 178,563	\$ 57,055					
Receivables	200,000	_	_					
Accounts	12,395	9,230	5,588					
Special assessments - current	2,827	-	12,767					
Interest	3,446	-	-					
Due from other funds	6,350	-	-					
Due from other governmental units - local	18,463	1,151						
Total current assets	888,698	188,944	75,410					
Noncurrent assets								
Investments	413,920	-	-					
Special assessments - deferred	4,640	-	243,278					
Advance to other funds	29,117	100.000	206.006					
Capital assets, net	306,527	186,989	386,806					
Total noncurrent assets	754,204	186,989	630,084					
TOTAL ASSETS	1,642,902	375,933	705,494					
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Due to other funds	5,748	3,349	8,477					
Due to other governmental units - local	380	-	-					
Accrued interest payable	-	-	4,480 6,615					
Current portion of bonds payable	<u> </u>		6,615					
Total current liabilities	6,128	3,349	19,572					
Noncurrent liabilities								
Noncurrent portion of bonds payable	-	-	178,605					
Advance from other funds			29,117					
Total noncurrent liabilities	-0-	-0-	207,722					
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,128	3,349	227,294					
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	306,527	186,989	201,586					
Restricted for debt service	-	-	180,740					
Unrestricted	1,330,247	185,595	95,874					
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 1,636,774	\$ 372,584	\$ 478,200					

Activities	Governmental Activities
Total	Internal Service Fund (Equipment)
\$ 880,835 200,000	\$ 30,318 -
27,213 15,594 3,446 6,350 19,614	- - - 844 16
1,153,052	31,178
413,920 247,918 29,117 880,322	- - - 37,253
1,571,277	37,253
2,724,329	68,431
17,574 380 4,480 6,615	- - - -
29,049 178,605 29,117	-0-
207,722	-0-
236,771	
695,102 180,740 1,611,716	37,253 31,178
\$ 2,487,558	\$ 68,431

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

Year Ended March 31, 2005

	Business-type							
OPERATING REVENUES		wer #5	S	ewer #6	Pompeii Sewer			
Charges for services Equipment rentals	\$	43,980	\$	35,744 -	\$	6,905 -		
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		43,980		35,744		6,905		
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries and wages		12,113		6,128		1,423		
Social security		927		469		109		
Other fringe benefits		250		250		-		
Health insurance		5,022		5,022		-		
Workers' compensation		408		204		68		
Supplies		426		275		89		
Professional services		500		500		331		
Utilities		4,439		2,964		1,973		
Equipment rental		1,385		365		180		
Repairs and maintenance		15,907		17,269		543		
Insurance		776		388		32		
Depreciation		29,764		16,755		11,775		
Other		181		181		120		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		72,098		50,770		16,643		
OPERATING LOSS		(28,118)		(15,026)		(9,738)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest revenue		36,687		2,145		915		
Loss on investments		(13,503)		-		-		
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-		-		(12,583)		
TOTAL NONOPERATING								
REVENUES (EXPENSES)		23,184		2,145		(11,668)		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(4,934)		(12,881)		(21,406)		
Net assets, beginning of year	1	,641,708		385,465		499,606		
Net assets, end of year	\$ 1	,636,774	\$	372,584	\$	478,200		

	Activities	Governmental Activities Internal
	Total	Service Fund (Equipment)
\$	86,629 -0-	\$ - 10,043
	86,629	10,043
	19,664 1,505 500 10,044 680 790 1,331 9,376 1,930 33,719 1,196 58,294 482	3,202 250 - 140 2,319 4,599 7,187
	139,511	17,697
	(52,882)	(7,654)
	39,747 (13,503) (12,583)	241
	13,661	241_
	(39,221)	(7,413)
:	2,526,779	75,844
\$:	2,487,558	\$ 68,431

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended March 31, 2005

	Business-type Activities				
	Sower #5	Sower #6	Pompoji Sowor		
CARL ELONG EDOM ODEDATING ACTIVITIES	Sewer #5	Sewer #6	Pompeii Sewer		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash receipts from customers Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers	\$ 42,821 (12,113) (29,637)	\$ 36,339 (6,128) (27,773)	\$ 19,153 (1,423) 570		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,071	2,438	18,300		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payment on advance from other funds Payment on advance to other funds	- 1,638	-	(1,638)		
Payment on advance to other funds	1,000				
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	1,638	-0-	(1,638)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital purchases Payment of bonds payable Intesest and fiscal charges	- - -	- - -	(3,307) (12,583)		
NET CASH (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-0-	-0-	(15,890)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest revenue Maturities of investments Purchases of investments	23,184 228,244 (314,689)	2,145 - -	915		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(63,261)	2,145	915		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(60,552)	4,583	1,687		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	705,769	173,980	55,368		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 645,217	\$ 178,563	\$ 57,055		

	Governmental Activities
	Internal
	Service Fund
Total	(Equipment)
\$ 98,313	\$ 9,821
(19,664)	-
(56,840)	(10,510)
(00,010)	(.0,0.0)
21,809	(689)
(1,638)	-
1,638	-
_	_
-0-	-0-
-0-	(2,894)
(3,307)	-
(12,583)	
(4E 900)	(0.004)
(15,890)	(2,894)
26,244	241
228,244	-
(314,689)	-
(60.201)	241
(60,201)	241_
(54,282)	(3,342)
025 447	00.000
935,117	33,660
\$ 880,835	\$ 30,318

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED

Year Ended March 31, 2005

			 Business-ty	s-type Activities		
	s	sewer #5_	Sewer #6	Pom	npeii Sewer_	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash						
provided (used) by operating activities						
Operating loss	\$	(28,118)	\$ (15,026)	\$	(9,738)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to						
net cash provided (used) by operating activit	ies					
Depreciation		29,764	16,755		11,775	
Decrease in accounts receivable		2,016	595		12,248	
(Increase) in due from other funds		(3,175)	-		-	
Increase in due to other funds		584	114		4,072	
(Decrease) in accrued interest payable			 -		(57)	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	1,071	\$ 2,438	\$	18,300	

	Gov	ernmental		
	A	ctivities		
	Internal			
	Ser	vice Fund		
Total	(Eq	uipment)		
\$ (52,882)	\$	(7,654)		
58,294		7,187		
14,859 (3,175)		(222)		
4,770		(222)		
•		-		
 (57)		<u>-</u>		
\$ 21,809	\$	(689)		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Township of Fulton, Michigan was organized as a Township under provisions of the constitution and general law of the State of Michigan. The Township is one of sixteen (16) townships in Gratiot County. The Township operates under an elected Township Board which consists of a Supervisor, Clerk, Treasurer, and two Trustees and provides services to its residents in many areas including fire protection, sewer, roads, and planning.

1. Reporting Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*; and *Statement on Michigan Governmental Accounting and Auditing No. 5*, these financial statements present the financial activities of the Township of Fulton. The Township does not have any activities that would be classified as component units.

The inclusion of the activities of various agencies is based on the manifestation of oversight criteria, relying on such guidelines as the selection of the governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to exert significant influence on operations, and the accountability for fiscal matters. The accountability for fiscal matters considers the possession of the budgetary authority, the responsibility for surplus or deficit, the controlling of fiscal management, and the revenue characteristics, whether a levy or a charge. Consideration is also given to the scope of public service. The scope of public service considers whether the activity is for the benefit of the reporting entity and/or its residents and is within the geographic boundaries of the reporting entity and generally available to its citizens.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the financial statements of the Township of Fulton contain all the funds controlled by the Township Board.

2. Basis of Presentation

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities (the government-wide statements) present information for the primary government as a whole. For the most part, interfund activity has been eliminated in the preparation of these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities presents the direct functional expenses of the primary government and the program revenues that support them. Direct expenses are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues are associated with specific functions and include charges to recipients of goods or services and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of that function. Revenues that are not required to be presented as program revenues are general revenues. This includes all taxes, interest, and unrestricted State revenue sharing payments and other general revenues and shows how governmental functions are either self-financing or supported by general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements present the Township's individual major funds and aggregated nonmajor funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

2. Basis of Presentation - continued

The major funds of the Township are:

- a. The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Sewer #5 Fund is used to account for the operations required to provide sewer services to the areas to the west and north of Rainbow Lake and the Village of Perrinton; the costs (expenses, including depreciation) are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.
- c. The Sewer #6 Fund is used to account for the operations required to provide sewer services to the Middleton area; the costs (expenses, including depreciation) are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.
- d. The Pompeii Sewer Fund is used to account for the operations required to provide sewer services to the Village of Pompeii; the costs (expenses, including depreciation) are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

3. Measurement Focus

The government-wide and proprietary financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, similar to that used by business enterprises or not-for-profit organizations. Because another measurement focus is used in the governmental fund financial statements, reconciliations to the government-wide statements are provided that explain the differences in detail.

All governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

4. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental and similar trust funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual (when they become both "measurable" and "available to finance expenditures of the current period"). The length of time used for "available" for purposes of revenue recognition in the governmental fund financial statements is 60 days. Revenues that are considered measurable but not available are recorded as a receivable and deferred revenue. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual are special assessments and certain intergovernmental revenues. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt which is recorded when due.

All proprietary and similar trust funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

4. Basis of Accounting - continued

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Township has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and other costs of running the activity. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. If/when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets for General and Special Revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with the modified accrual basis used to reflect actual results in the fund financial statements. The Township employs the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a. Prior to April 1, the budget is adopted on a departmental (activity) level through passage of a Board resolution. After the budget is adopted all transfers of budgeted amounts between accounts within a fund or activity or any revisions that alter the total expenditures of the fund or activity must be approved by the Township Board.
- b. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year at the activity level for the General Fund and total expenditure level for the Special Revenue Fund.
- c. The Township does not employ encumbrance accounting as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Appropriations unused at March 31 are not carried forward to the following fiscal year.
- d. Budgeted amounts are reported as originally adopted or amended by the Township Board during the year.

6. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents consist of checking, savings, and investment trust fund accounts. The cash and cash equivalents are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

Investments include certificates of deposit with an original maturity of greater than 90 days from the date of purchase. All investments are stated at market value.

7. Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due from various individuals and businesses related to charges for services.

8. Property Tax

Fulton Township bills and collects both its own property tax levy and the tax levy for other governmental units. The Township's property tax revenue recognition policy and related tax calendar disclosures are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

8. Property Tax - continued

Property taxes are levied twice per year. A summer tax is levied on July 1 and a winter tax is levied on December 1. The tax levies are due September 14 and February 14, respectively. All taxes not paid by their due dates are deemed delinquent. Delinquent real property taxes are turned over to the Gratiot County Treasurer on March 1 of the year following the levy. The Gratiot County Treasurer remits payment to all taxing units on all delinquent real property taxes. Delinquent personal property taxes are retained by the Township for subsequent collection. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the period for which they are levied.

The Township is permitted to levy up to \$1 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general governmental service and additional amounts for debt service. For the year ended March 31, 2005, the Township levied .8600 mills for general governmental services. The total taxable value for the 2004 levy for property within the Township was \$52,116,842.

9. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the Township has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as operating transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

10. Compensated Absences

Township employees are granted vacation leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is paid for accumulated compensated absences. All employees with accumulated compensated absences at March 31, 2005 were vested and the total due to them, along with the related payroll taxes, is recorded entirely in the government-wide financial statements.

11. Capital Assets

Capital assets include buildings, equipment, vehicles, and sewer system and are recorded (net of accumulated depreciation, if applicable) in the government-wide financial statements under the governmental and business-type activities columns. Capital assets are those with an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded in the proprietary funds, but not the governmental funds. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Machinery and equipment	3 - 20 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 10 years
Buildings and improvements	40 years
Sewer system and improvements	40 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

12. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are recognized as a liability in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types when incurred. The portion of those liabilities expected to be paid within the next year is a current liability with the remaining amounts shown as long-term.

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due or when resources have been accumulated for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund.

13. Pompeii Sewer

The Pompeii Sewer project, a joint project between Fulton and Washington Townships, is being administered by Fulton Township. The Township is responsible for paying bills related to construction and general operations of the system along with the collecting of sewer usage and special assessment revenue. Fulton Township's share of the activity has been recorded in the Township's financial statements because the system is partially owned by the Township. The Township's percentage share of the system is 66.15 percent.

14. Comparative Data

Comparative data for the prior year has not been presented in all funds in the accompanying financial statements since their inclusion would make the financial statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

15. Accounting Change

As of April 1, 2004, the Township implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments (Statement) along with all related statements and interpretations. Certain significant changes in the Statement include the following:

- A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Township's overall financial position and results of operations has been included.
- Government-wide financial statements (statement of net assets and statement of activities) prepared using
 full accrual accounting for all of the Township's activities have been provided. A reconciliation is presented
 between the fund level (modified accrual) and government-wide (full accrual) statements since their
 measurement focus is not the same.
- Capital assets reported on the statement of net assets include assets in the amount of \$283,959, which
 were previously reported in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. The government-wide statement of
 activities reflects depreciation expenses on the Township's capital assets.
- The governmental fund financial statements focus on major funds rather than fund types.

This implementation has also required certain disclosures to be made in the notes to the financial statements concurrent with the implementation of Statement No. 34 based on GASB Statement No. 38. Certain note disclosures have been added and/or amended, including descriptions of activities of major funds and interfund balances and transactions, and various other disclosures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE B: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the Township is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

- Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- 2. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a State or nationally chartered bank or a State or Federally chartered savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States government and which maintains a principal office or branch office located in this State under the laws of the State or the United States, but only if the bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belong to the State under Section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of Michigan Compiled Laws.
- Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three (3) highest classifications established by not less than two (2) standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- 4. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- 5. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- 6. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) regulations provide that deposits of governmental units are to be separately insured for the amount of \$100,000 for deposits in an insured bank for savings deposits and \$100,000 for demand deposits. Furthermore, if specific deposits are regulated by statute or bond indenture, these specific deposits are to be separately insured for the amount of \$100,000. Michigan Compiled Laws allow for collateralization of government deposits, if the assets for pledging are acceptable to the State Treasurer under Section 3 of 1855 PA 105, MCL 21.143, to secure deposits of State surplus funds, securities issued by the Federal Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, or Government National Mortgage Association.

Deposits

As of March 31, 2005, the carrying amounts and bank balances for each type of bank account are as follows:

Account Type	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Bank <u>Balance</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Checking and savings Certificates of Deposit	\$ 1,229,331 	\$ 1,231,205 200,000
	\$ 1,429,33 <u>1</u>	\$ 1,431,205

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE B: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Deposits - continued

Deposits of the Township are at federally insured banks located in the State of Michigan with all accounts maintained in the name of the Township. As of March 31, 2005, the Township accounts were insured by the FDIC for \$200,000, and the amount of \$1,231,205 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments

As of March 31, 2005, the carrying amounts and market values for each type of investment as reported in the investments captions on the financial statements are as follows:

Investment Type	Amount Amount	Market <u>Value</u>	
Insured or registered for which the securities are held by the Township's agent in the Township's name Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	<u>\$ 413,920</u>	<u>\$ 413,920</u>	

The investment in FHLMC notes are not insured but are backed by the full faith and credit of the Federal government.

The cash and cash equivalents and investments referred to above have been reported in either the cash and cash equivalents or investments captions in the basic financial statements, based upon criteria disclosed in Note A. The following summarizes the categorization of these amounts as of March 31, 2005:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,229,481
Investments - current	200,000
Investments - noncurrent	413,920
	\$ 1.843.401

The cash and cash equivalents captions in the basic financial statements include \$150 in petty cash.

NOTE C: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The amount of interfund receivables and payables at March 31, 2005, are as follows:

Due to General Fund from:	
Sewer #5 Fund	\$ 5,403
Sewer #6 Fund	3,229
Pompeii Sewer Fund	2,095
Nonmajor governmental funds	2,322
	<u>\$ 13,049</u>
Due to Sewer #5 from:	
Pompeii Sewer Fund	\$ 6.350

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE C: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES - CONTINUED

Due to nonmajor governmental funds from:

General Fund Sewer #5 Fund	\$	347 345
Sewer #6 Fund		120
Pompeii Sewer Fund	-	32
	¢	911

Amounts appearing as interfund payables and receivables arise from two types of transactions. One type of transaction is where a fund will pay for a good or service that at least a portion of the benefit belongs to another fund. The second type of transaction is where one fund provides a good or service to another fund. Balances at the end of the year are for transfers that have not cleared as of the balance sheet date.

NOTE D: ADVANCES RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE

The following schedule details advances receivable and payable between the primary government at March 31, 2005:

Advance to Pompeii Sewer Fund from: Sewer #5 Fund

\$ 29,117

NOTE E: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2005 was as follows:

Governmental activities

	Ì	Restated Balance ril 1, 2004	<u>A</u> 0	<u>lditions</u>	<u>Dele</u>	etions		Balance ch 31, 2005
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	22,505	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,505
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures		236,632 119,615 4,624		5,501 9,647 655		- - -	_	242,133 129,262 5,279
Total capital assets being depreciated		360,871		15,803		-0-		376,674
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures	(123,460) 73,822) 4,094)	(5,998) 8,647) 194)		- - 	(129,458) 82,469) 4,288)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	201,376)		14,839)	-	-0-	_(_	216,215)
Net capital assets being depreciated		159,495		964		-0-		160,459
Net capital assets - governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	182,000	\$	964	\$	-0-	\$	182,964

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE E: CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Governmental activities - continued

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental activity:

General government			<u>\$ 14,839</u>	
Business-type activities	Balance		5.4.0	Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:	April 1, 2004	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	March 31, 2005
Sewer system Equipment	\$ 2,303,095 118,119	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ 2,303,095 118,119
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,421,214	-0-	-0-	2,421,214
Less accumulated depreciation for: Sewer system Equipment	(1,406,435) (76,163)	(52,322) (5,972)	<u>.</u>	(1,458,757) (82,135)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,482,598)	(58,294)	0-	(1,540,892)
Net capital assets - business-type activities	<u>\$ 938,616</u>	<u>\$(58,294</u>)	<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ 880,322

NOTE F: LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt (including current portion) of the Township for the year ended March 31, 2005:

	 lance 1, 2004	<u>Add</u>	<u>itions</u>	<u>De</u>	eletions	 lance 31, 2005	Due	nounts e Within ee Year
Governmental Activities Compensated absences	\$ 129	\$	28	\$	-	\$ 157	\$	157
Business-type Activities 1996 Revenue Bonds	 188,527				3,307	 185,220		6,61 <u>5</u>
	\$ 188,656	\$	28	\$	3,307	\$ 185,377	\$	6,772

Significant details regarding outstanding long-term debt (including current portion) are presented below:

\$320,000 County of Gratiot, Pompeii Community Sanitary Sewer System Bonds. These bonds are split \$211,680 and \$108,320 between Fulton and Washington Township's respectively. Bonds are dated August 1, 1996. Fulton Township's annual installments range from \$3,310 to \$13,230 through May 1, 2022, with interest ranging from 5.1 to 6.0 percent, payable semi-annually.

\$ 185,220

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE F: LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

Year Ending December 31,		1996 Revenue Bonds Principal Inter			
2006	\$ 6,	615 \$	10,584		
2007	6,	615	10,243		
2008	6,	615	9,896		
2009		615	9,542		
2010-2014	46,	305	57,608		
2015-2019	59,	535	25,382		
2020-2023		920	6,350		
	<u>\$ 185,</u>	<u>220</u> \$	129,605		

Accrued Sick and Vacation

Individual employees have vested rights upon termination of employment to receive payments for unused sick and vacation time. The dollar amount of these vested rights including related payroll taxes, which have been accrued on the financial statements in the government-wide financial statements, amounted to approximately \$157 at March 31, 2005.

NOTE G: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township participates in a pool, the Michigan Township Participating Plan with other municipalities for various risks of loss including employer's liability, errors and omissions, and property and casualty losses. The pool is organized under Public Act 138 of 1982, as amended. The Township has no liability for additional assessments based on the claims filed against the pool nor do they have any right to dividends.

The Township also maintains commercial insurance coverage for workers' compensation.

NOTE H: FUND BALANCE RESERVES AND DESIGNATIONS

Reserved fund balance is used to earmark a portion of fund balance to indicate that it is not appropriate for expenditure or has been legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balance indicates that portion of the fund balance which the Township has set aside for specific purposes.

The following are the various fund balance reserves as of March 31, 2005:

Debt Service Fund
Sewer #3
Reserved for debt service \$ 21,730

Permanent Fund
Cemetery Perpetual Care
Reserved for perpetual care \$ 22,307

The following are the various fund balance designations as of March 31, 2005:

General Fund

Designated for subsequent year's expenditures

\$ 14,995

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE I: RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Restrictions of net assets shown in the Government-wide financial statements indicate that restrictions imposed by the funding source or some other outside source which precludes their use for unrestricted purposes. The following are the various net asset restrictions as of March 31, 2005:

Governmental activities

Restricted for

Perpetual care \$ 22,307

Business-type activities

Restricted for

Debt service \$ 180.740

NOTE J: BUILDING AND ZONING FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Township elected to report the financial activities of the building and zoning activity in the General Fund. The following is the required information as it relates to this activity for the year ended March 31, 2005:

REVENUES Zoning Permits	\$ 1,170
EXPENDITURES Salary and fringes Postage	1,590 1 <u>6</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,606
EXCESS OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	\$(436)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Fund

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Year Ended March 31, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts					Fina	ance with	
	Original			Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$	58,200 500 134,370 6,050	\$	58,200 500 134,370 6,050	\$	58,401 1,170 131,533 8,061	\$	201 670 (2,837) 2,011
Interest and rents Other		5,800 1,100		5,800 1,100		6,575 12,141		775 11,041
TOTAL REVENUES		206,020		206,020		217,881		11,861
EXPENDITURES General government		11 000		11 000		8,791		2 100
Township board Supervisor		11,900 9,900		11,900 9,900		8,920		3,109 980
Clerk		15,820		15,820		15,572		248
Board of Review Treasurer		885 26,245		885 26,245		702 23,791		183 2,454
Elections		3,250		3,500		3,495		5
Assessor		12,200		13,500		13,467		33
Building and grounds Cemetery		19,000 38,000		20,500 34,750		16,925 32,954		3,575 1,796
Centetery		30,000		34,730		32,934		1,790
Total general government		137,200		137,000		124,617		12,383
Public safety Fire		26,000		26,000		25,900		100
Public works Drains		7,500		7,500		6,040		1,460
Highways, streets, and bridges		62,848		62,848		55,951		6,897
Total public works		70,348		70,348		61,991		8,357
·		70,040		70,040		01,001		0,007
Community and economic development Zoning		1,875		1,875		1,606		269
Other Insurance and fringe benefits		9,900		10,100		9,723		377
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		245,323		245,323		223,837		21,486
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(39,303)		(39,303)		(5,956)		33,347
Fund balances, beginning of year		279,499		279,499		279,499		-0-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	240,196	\$	240,196	\$	273,543	\$	33,347
		- 26 -						

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

March 31, 2005

		Special I	Debt Service		
ACCETO		ddleton et Lighting	ompeii et Lighting	s	ewer #3
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governmental units - local	\$	4,913 894	\$ 5,494 180	\$	21,730
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,807	\$ 5,674	\$	21,730
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Due to other funds	\$	1,995	\$ 327	\$	-
FUND BALANCES Reserved for perpetual care Reserved for debt service Unreserved - undesignated		- - 3,812	- - 5,347		21,730
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		3,812	5,347		21,730
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	_\$	5,807	\$ 5,674	\$	21,730

Per	manent					
		Total				
			onmajor			
Ce	metery	Gov	ernmental			
_ Perpe	etual Care		Funds			
\$	22,307	\$	54,444			
			1,074			
_		_				
_\$	22,307	\$	55,518			
Φ.		•	0.000			
\$	-	\$	2,322			
	22,307		22,307			
	22,007		21,730			
	-					
			9,159			
	22,307		53,196			
	22,001		55,150			
\$	22,307	\$	55,518			

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year Ended March 31, 2005

		Debt Service				
REVENUES		ldleton t Lighting		ompeii t Lighting	Se	wer #3
Interest	\$	_	\$ -		\$	109
Other						
Special assessments		5,799		1,632		-
TOTAL REVENUES		5,799		1,632		109
EXPENDITURES						
General Government		100		100		100
Public works		5,350		965		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,450		1,065		100
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		349		567		9
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,463	-	4,780		21,721
Fund balance, end of year		3,812	\$	5,347	\$	21,730

Perr	manent	Total
	netery tual Care	onmajor vernmental Funds
\$	-	\$ 109
		 7,431
	-0-	7,540
	<u>-</u>	300 6,315
	-0-	6,615
	-0-	925
	22,307	 52,271
\$	22,307	\$ 53,196

Principals

Dale J. Abraham, CPA Michael T. Gaffney, CPA Steven R. Kirinovic, CPA Aaron M. Stevens, CPA Eric J. Glashouwer, CPA

Karen A. Roka, CPA James A. Huguelet, CPA Alan D. Panter, CPA William I. Tucker IV, CPA Kurt M. Lemmen, CPA



Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Michigan Association of Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Members of the Township Board Township of Fulton Perrinton, Michigan

Dear Ladies/Gentlemen:

As you know, we recently completed our audit of the records of the Township of Fulton, Michigan for the year ended March 31, 2005. In connection with the audit, we feel that a certain change in your accounting and administrative procedures would be helpful in improving management's control and the operational efficiency of the accounting and administrative functions. This suggestion is the result of our evaluation of the internal control structure and our discussions with management.

The Township Board should adopt a formal written policy for capital asset management.

During discussions with management, we noted that the Township Board has not formally implemented written procedures and policies for capital asset management. We believe that by documenting specific policies, contractual employees will have a clearer understanding of the organization's expectations. We also believe that such documentation will provide greater internal control.

We suggest that the Board adopt a policy for the capitalization and disposal of capital assets. The policy should specify criteria for capitalizing assets, including the per unit dollar value threshold to be used. Items below the threshold established by the Board may be expensed as they are purchased. The policy should also specify that the disposal of capital assets requires formal approval by the Township Board. Such approval should be documented in the minutes of the Board meetings.

This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the audit tests to be applied in our audit of the financial statements and this report does not affect our report on the financial statements dated May 4, 2005.

This report is intended solely for the use of management and the Township Board of the Township of Fulton, Michigan and should not be used for any other purpose.

We wish to express our appreciation for the courtesy and cooperation extended to us during our audit. We are available to discuss any or all of these suggestions with you and to provide assistance in the implementation of improvements.

alusham & Yolkrey, P.C.

ABRAHAM & GAFFNEY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

May 4, 2005 108 N. Spring St. ■ St. Johns, Michigan 48879-1574 ■ (989) 224-6836 ■ FAX: (989) 224-6837 745 Barclay Circle, Suite 335, PO Box 70067 ■ Rochester Hills, Michigan 48307 ■ (248) 844-2550 ■ FAX: (248) 844-2551